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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/605,689	10/17/2003	James M. Doherty	1033-T00534C	2688
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SUITE A201 AUSTIN, TX 7	8759		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			2137	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application	n No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/605,68	39	DOHERTY ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		TECHANE	J. GERGISO	2137				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicati or Reply	on appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence ac	idress			
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILInsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communical or period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory re to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by reply received by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NG DATE OF TH CFR 1.136(a). In no evention. by period will apply and we by statute, cause the app	HIS COMMUNICATION ent, however, may a reply be tin III expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) filed or	n 02 May 2008						
, —	· · · _	T <u>02 may 2000</u> . ☐ This action is n	on-final					
′=	, -			nsecution as to the	e merits is			
٥/١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
	·	ndor Expanto Qu	ay,0, 1000 0. 2 . 11, 10	30 0.3. 210.				
Disposit	on of Claims							
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-16 and 18-25</u> is/are pending in the application.							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)🖂	Claim(s) <u>1,2,4-16 and 18-25</u> is/are reject	ted.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction	and/or election re	equirement.					
Applicat	on Papers							
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Ex	aminer.						
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)[objected to by the	Examiner.				
<i>,</i> —	Applicant may not request that any objection	·	-					
		÷ , ,	•	, ,	FR 1.121(d).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	<u>-</u>	anaian muianituu na	don 25 11 0 0 0 110/o) (d) ~~ (f)				
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for f	oreign priority un	aer 35 U.S.C. § 119(a))-(a) or (t).				
a)	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
	2. Certified copies of the priority doc							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
A44- 1	w-)							
Attachmen			4)	(DTO 442)				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date								
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application								
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:								

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This is a Final Office Action in response to the applicant's communication filed on May

02, 2008.

2. Claims 1-2, 4-16 and 18-25 have been examined and are pending.

Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-2, 4-16 and 18-25 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all

obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be

negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claims 1-2, 4-16 and 18-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Moran (US Pat. No.: 6, 647, 400) in view of Rowland et al. (hereinafter referred to as

Rowland, US Pub. No.: 2002/0129264).

As per claim 1:

Moran discloses an method for detecting intrusion in a host via a monitoring daemon operating in conjunction with a configuration file defining data entities to be monitored, the method comprising:

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monitoring data entities via comparing a locally stored copy of a digital signature associated with each data entity against a corresponding digital signature stored in a first remote database (column 4: lines 1-15; figure 9: compute signature of a file; Does signature match the previously computed signature for file; Abstract; column 4: lines 17-23; column 32: lines 49-59).

Moran does not explicitly disclose upon identifying a mismatch in compared digital signatures, issuing an instruction to record an entry in a log file located in a second remote database, said entry identifying a possible intrusion in a host and issuing a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state. Rowland, in analogous art, however, discloses upon identifying a mismatch in compared digital signatures, issuing an instruction to record an entry in a log file located in a second remote database, said entry identifying a possible intrusion in a host and issuing a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state (0037; 0053; 0065; 00145; 0148). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system disclosed by Moran to include and issuing a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state. This modification would have been obvious because a person having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so to provide a generic distributed command, control, and communication framework that allows

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computer systems, devices, and operational personnel to interact with a network as a unified

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entity as suggested by Rowland (0007).

As per claim 2:

Rowland discloses issuing a command to bring down said one or more network interfaces

to isolate and host upon identifying the mismatch in compared digital signatures (0037; 0053;

0065; 00145; 0148)...

As per claim 4:

Rowland discloses said first remote database and said second remote database are located

on a single server or a plurality of servers belonging to a local area network (0037; 0053; 0147).

As per claim 5:

Rowland discloses communications between said host and first remote database are

encrypted (0027; 0068; 0074; 075).

As per claim 6:

Rowland discloses communications between said host and second remote database are

encrypted (0027; 0068; 0074; 075).

As per claim 7:

Moran discloses said digital signature is an MD5 signature and said first remote database

is an MD5 database (column 31: lines 46-55).

As per claim 8:

Moran discloses said second remote database is a SYSLOG database (column 24: lines

47-64).

As per claim 9:

Moran discloses said data entities comprises one or more system files, configuration files,

or directories (column 4: lines 5-35).

As per claim 10:

Moran discloses a system to detect intrusion comprising:

a host running a monitoring daemon working in conjunction with a configuration file,

said configuration file identifying files and directories to be monitored in said host and said

host communicating with external networks via one or more network interfaces, said

monitoring daemon dynamically monitoring said files and directories identified by said

configuration file by comparing a locally stored digital signature corresponding to each file

or directory against a remotely stored corresponding digital signature (column 4: lines 1-15;

figure 9: compute signature of a file; Does signature match the previously computed

signature for file);

a digital signature database remote from said host storing said digital signatures associated with files and directories identified by said configuration file (Abstract; column 4: lines 17-23; column 32: lines 49-59); and

a log database remote from said host recording entries corresponding to mismatches between a digital signature stored in said host and a corresponding digital signature in said digital signature database (column 32: lines 6-22; column 32: lines 49-59; column 33: lines 36-41).

Moran does not explicitly disclose a log database remote from said host recording entries corresponding to mismatches between a digital signature stored in said host and a corresponding digital signature in said digital signature database and wherein a mismatch identifies a possible intrusion in the host, resulting in a command being issued to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state. Rowland, in analogous art, however, discloses a log database remote from said host recording entries corresponding to mismatches between a digital signature stored in said host and a corresponding digital signature in said digital signature database and wherein a mismatch identifies a possible intrusion in the host, resulting in a command being issued to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state (0037; 0053; 0065; 00145; 0148). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system disclosed by Moran to include a log database remote from said host recording entries corresponding to mismatches between a digital signature stored in said host and a corresponding digital signature in said digital signature database and wherein a mismatch identifies a possible intrusion in the

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host, resulting in a command being issued to an operating system of said host to bring said host

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to a single user state. This modification would have been obvious because a person having

ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so to provide a generic distributed

command, control, and communication framework that allows computer systems, devices, and

operational personnel to interact with a network as a unified entity as suggested by Rowland

(0007).

As per claim 11:

Moran discloses a system to detect intrusion, wherein said digital signature database and

said log database are located on a single server or a plurality of servers belonging to a local area

network (figure 3: 306, 308, 304).

As per claim 12:

Rowland discloses a system to detect intrusion, wherein communications between said

host and said digital signature database are encrypted (0027; 0068; 0074; 075).

As per claim 13:

Rowland discloses a system to detect intrusion, wherein communications between said

host and log database are encrypted (0027; 0068; 0074; 075).

As per claim 14:

Moran discloses a system to detect intrusion, wherein said digital signature is an MD5

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signature and said first remote database is an MD5 database (column 31: lines 46-55).

As per claim 15:

Moran discloses an article of manufacture comprising a computer usable medium having

computer readable program code embedded therein to detect intrusion in a host via a monitoring

daemon operating in conjunction with a configuration file defining data entities to be monitored,

said medium comprising:

computer readable program code comprising executable instructions to monitor data

entities via comparing a locally stored copy of a digital signature associated with each data

entity against a corresponding digital signature stored in a first remote database (column 4:

lines 1-15; figure 9: compute signature of a file; Does signature match the previously

computed signature for file; Abstract; column 4: lines 17-23; column 32: lines 49-59);

Moran does not explicitly disclose computer readable program code comprising

executable instructions to issue an instruction to record an entry in a log file located in a second

remote database upon identifying a mismatch in compared digital signature, said entry

identifying a possible intrusion in said host and computer readable program code, comprising

executable instructions to issue a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host

to a single user state upon identifying the mismatch in compared digital signatures. Rowland, in

analogous art, however, discloses computer readable program code comprising executable

instructions to issue an instruction to record an entry in a log file located in a second remote

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database upon identifying a mismatch in compared digital signature, said entry identifying a

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possible intrusion in said host and computer readable program code, comprising executable

instructions to issue a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single

user state upon identifying the mismatch in compared digital signatures (0037; 0053; 0065;

00145; 0148). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art

at the time the invention was made to modify the system disclosed by Moran to include computer

readable program code comprising executable instructions to issue an instruction to record an

entry in a log file located in a second remote database upon identifying a mismatch in compared

digital signature, said entry identifying a possible intrusion in said host. This modification would

have been obvious because a person having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated

to do so to provide a generic distributed command, control, and communication framework that

allows computer systems, devices, and operational personnel to interact with a network as a

unified entity as suggested by Rowland (0007).

As per claim 16:

Rowland discloses an article of manufacture, further comprising computer readable

program code comprising executable instructions to issue a command to bring down one or more

network interfaces to isolate said host upon identifying the mismatch in compared digital

signatures (0037; 0053; 0065; 00145; 0148)...

As per claim 18:

Moran discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a monitoring daemon in a host, said host having one or more network interfaces to communicate over one or more networks, said method comprising:

reading a configuration file to identify data entities to be monitored on a host (column 4: lines 1-15);

for each data entity to be monitored, extracting a digital signature from said host (figure 9: compute signature of a file);

for each data entity to be monitored, querying a remote digital signature database via said one or more network interfaces and requesting a digital signature corresponding to said digital signature extracted from said host (figure 9: Does signature match the previously computed signature for file);

for each data entity to be monitored, receiving said corresponding digital signature from said remote digital signature database (figure 3: 308, 306, 304, 312); and

matching digital signature received from said remote digital signature database with digital signature extracted at said host (Abstract; column 4: lines 17-23; column 32: lines 49-59).

Moran does not explicitly disclose upon identifying a mismatch, transmitting an instruction to a remote log database via said one or more network interfaces, said instruction executed in said remote log database to record an entry in a log file indicating a possible intrusion in said host and issuing a command to an operating system of said host to bring said

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host to a single user state. Rowland, in analogous art, however, discloses upon identifying a mismatch, transmitting an instruction to a remote log database via said one or more network interfaces, said instruction executed in said remote log database to record an entry in a log file indicating a possible intrusion in said host and issuing a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state (0037; 0053; 0065; 00145; 0148). Therefore, it would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the system disclosed by Moran to include upon identifying a mismatch, transmitting an instruction to a remote log database via said one or more network interfaces, said instruction executed in said remote log database to record an entry in a log file indicating a possible intrusion in said host and issuing a command to an operating system of said host to bring said host to a single user state. This modification would have been obvious because a person having ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to do so to provide a generic distributed command, control, and communication framework that allows computer systems, devices, and operational personnel to interact with a network as a unified entity as suggested by Rowland (0007).

As per claim 19:

Rowland discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a monitoring daemon in a host, wherein said digital signature database and said log database are located on a single server or a plurality of servers belonging to a local area network (0037; 0053; 0147).

As per claim 20:

Rowland discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a

monitoring daemon in a host, wherein communications between said host and digital signature

database are encrypted (0027; 0068; 0074; 075).

As per claim 21:

Rowland discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a

monitoring daemon in a host, wherein communications between said host and log database are

encrypted (0027; 0068; 0074; 075).

As per claim 22:

Moran discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a

monitoring daemon in a host, wherein said digital signature database is an MD5 database

(column 31: lines 46-55).

As per claim 23:

Moran discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a

monitoring daemon in a host, wherein said log database is a SYSLOG database (column 24: lines

47-64).

As per claim 24:

Moran discloses an intrusion detection and isolation method implemented using a monitoring daemon in a host, wherein said data entities are any of the following: system files, configuration files, or directories (column 4: lines 5-35).

As per claim 25:

Rowland discloses the intrusion detection and isolation, further comprising issuing a command to bring down said one or more network interfaces to isolate said host (0037; 0053; 0065; 00145; 0148)..

Conclusion

- 6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See the notice of reference cited in form PTO-892 for additional prior art.
- 7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this

final action.

Contact Information

8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Techane J. Gergiso whose telephone number is (571) 272-3784

and fax number is (571) 273-3784. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00am - 6:00pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Emmanuel Moise can be reached on (571) 272-3865. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published

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about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access

to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197

(toll-free).

/T. J. G./

Examiner, Art Unit 2137

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Art Unit: 2136

/Nasser G Moazzami/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2136